		11 DO - Lond Devictor to Los FOM - Elizamento Ottodo Manual	
	zone).	impervious cover, reduces sprawl.	Development Areas
preferred growth areas.	permitted in contributing than recharge	enables higher local and lower overall	Preferred
More study required to assess pros/cons of	No priority growth areas (though higher IC	Establishes priority growth areas,	Variations in IC by
	Lo a H Chich Chinascang).	with rainwater harvesting.	
BMBs for higher IC	ASW can be increased in certain areas 25% in Onion contribution)	A5% can be increased in certain areas	by neglow
5% in More study required to assess pros/cons of	Limits vary by zone and watershed (15% in	10% IC goal in recharge; 15% in	Variations in IC Limits
		(TDRs).	
		Transfers of Development Rights	(TDRs)
a TDR/mitigation approach.		development, treatment and use of	Development Rights
More study required to assess pros/cons of	No TDRs allowed.	Limits based on geography, level of	Use of Transfers of
	excess of 15, 25 and 35%.		
protection.	irrigation areas, and slopes (part or all) in		IC Calculation
to match Plan, where Plan provides more	excludes: water quality buffers, wastewater to match Ptan, where Plan provides more	incorporates entire site.	Net Site Area
Adjust impervious cover limits if necessary	Limits calculated on net site area, which	Limits calculated for gross site area;	Gross Site Area vs.
			Impervious Cover
-	critical zone.		
buffers.	with more allowed in transition than in	the same throughout the entire buffer.	Transitional)
improvements associated with one vs. two	transition zones; limits are zone based,	similar to SOS; however, the limits are	(Critical &
More study required to determine	Limits buffer development in critical and	Stream buffer development limits are	One Buffer v. Two
feet requirement.	entire 100-yr flood plain.	beyond a defined 100-yr flood plain.	Flood Plain
Adopt the Plan's 100-yr flood plain plus 25	Buffer protection may not incorporate the	Extends buffer protection to 25 feet	Buffers & 100-Year
	than others.		
drainage areas to be same as others.	protection beginning at 128 acres, higher		Watersheds
Set Slaughter & Williamson minimum	Slaughter and Williamson receive	Buffer Consistency for Buffer areas same for all watersheds.	Buffer Consistency for
acres).2			
& TCEQ enhanced measures use five (5)	areas as small as 64 acres.	small as 32 acres.	Area for Buffer
Adopt 32 acre drainage minimum (USFWS)	Protects stream buffer areas for drainage	Protects buffer areas for drainages as	Minimum Drainage
			Water Quality Buffers
City of Austin Requirements	(LDC, ECM)	Regional Plan	
Potential Adjustment to SOS/	City of Austin	Barton Springs Zone (BSZ)	

¹ LDC = Land Development Code; ECM = Environmental Criteria Manual.
² Consistent with Watersheds Master Plan recommendation: provide "headwaters protection" through buffers for smaller drainage areas.

Stormwater Management	nent		
Stormwater	Requires stormwater treatment for	LDC requires treatment of all developed	a) Improve definition of "development" to
Treatment for Golf	managed landscapes, including golf	areas, but "development" not clearly	explicitly include golf courses and other
Courses	courses.	defined to include golf courses.	managed landscapes.
		For all other non-Urban (non-SOS)	b) Require stormwater treatment of golf
		watersheds, LDC requires treatment of golf	of golf course and other managed landscape
		courses.	areas.*
Stormwater	Requires stormwater treatment for	ECM requires wastewater irrigation areas	Clarify that wastewater imgation areas
Treatment for	areas receiving wastewater effluent	to meet SOS pollution reduction	must receive stormwater treatment
Wastewater Disposal   spray irrigation.	spray irrigation.	requirements, but is not clear whether	
Areas		pertains to stormwater runoff or	
		wastewater effluent.	
Baseline Impervious	For Water Quality Control design, Plan   SOS assumes higher "background"	SOS assumes higher "background"	More study required on baseline IC
Cover (IC)	assumes 1% "background" (pre-	impervious cover than Plan, results in	assumptions.
Assumptions	developed) impervious cover, lower	lower pollutant load removal requirement.	
	than SOS (5%).		

Areas subject to fertilizer, herbicide, & pesticide application, including lawns, landscaping, gardens, or golf courses.

## City of Austin and Regional Plan Stream Buffer Comparison (feet)

600	300	More than 640						
400	200	300 to 640	1,000-1,400	600	300	400-800	200-400	More than 640
300	150	120 to 300	600-800	400	200	200-400	100-200	320 to 640
200	100	32 to 120	300-400	200	100	100-200	50-100	64 to 320
Total Width	Width			Total Width	Width	Total Width	Width	
(1000)	ar)	(acres)	Width <sup>3</sup> (ft.)	(feet)	(fc	(feet)	(fe	(acres) <sup>2</sup>
¥ an	Suller Width	Area	Buffer	Transition Zone Buffer	Transition	Quality Zone Buffer	Quality Z	Area
WIE JAL	3	Drainage	Total Max.	Water Quality	Water	Critical Water	Critica	Drainage
y Plan; nents	Regional Water Quality Plan Buffer Zone Requirements	Regional Water Quality Pla Buffer Zone Requirement		ings Zone	in SOS Ordinance for the Barton Sp	f Aust	Buffer Require	

Measured from stream centerline.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Williamson/Slaughter minimum drainage area begins at 128 acres.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Barton Creek main stem minimum of 400 feet plus water quality transition zone buffers of 100, 200, or 300 feet.

Impervious Cover Plan Comparisons

C	ontri Zo		outing Recharge Sone Zone		Zone		
Bear, Williamson, Slaughter	Onion Rear Little		Barton, Little Barton	All Streams	Location		Save Our
25			20	15	IC Net Site Area (NSA)		Save Our Springs Ordinance
17					IC Gross Site Area (GSA)*		nance
Growth Area	Inside Preferred		Outside Preferred Growth Area	Entire Zone	Location		В
Commercial and Multifamily	Single Family Residential		ferred Vrea	one per la company de la compa	Ä		BSZ Regional Plan (Gross Site Area)
7.5	ì	7 5	7.5	3	Simplified	Le	lan (Gross S
25	13	7	15	10	Standard Methods	Level of Treatment	iite Area)
45 or No Limit**	. 30	30	25	15	Standard Methods & TDRs	ent .	

## Notes

<sup>\*</sup> Approximated; varies by site due to setbacks and slopes.

<sup>\*\* &</sup>quot;No Limit" requires provision of rainwater harvesting on site.

## City of Austin and Regional Plan Stormwater Quality Control Requirement Comparison

	Save Our Springs Ordinance	BSZ Regional Plan		
Water Quality Standard	Non-degradation	Non-degradation		
Capture Volume	2-year, 3-hour storm	2-year, 3-hour storm		
Channel Erosion Protection	Released over 48 hours	Released over 24 hours		
Treatment Areas	All developed areas, including lawns, landscaping, gardens, golf courses, and other maintained areas.	All developed areas, including areas receiving wastewater effluent spray irrigation, and lawns, landscaping, golf courses or playfields receiving pesticides herbicides or fertilizers.		